



DISCLAIMER

This presentation contains "forward-looking information" concerning the future financial or operating performance of Kingfisher Metals Corp. ("Kingfisher" or the "Company") and other statements that express management's expectations or estimates of future developments, circumstances or results. Generally, forward-looking information can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "seeks", "believes", "anticipates", "plans", "continues", "budget", "scheduled", "estimates", "expects", "forecasts", "intends", "projects", "projects", "proposes", "potential", "targets" and variations of such words and phrases, or by statements that certain actions, events or results "may", "will", "could", "would", "should" or "might" "be taken", "occur" or "be achieved". Forward-looking statements included in this presentation include statements regarding potential mineralization and mineral resources, near-term catalysts, and future plans, strategies and objectives of Kingfisher. While all forward-looking statements involve various risks and uncertainties, these statements are based on certain assumptions that management of Kingfisher believes are reasonable, including that it will be able to obtain financing and on reasonable terms, that its current exploration and other objectives can be achieved, that its exploration and other activities will proceed as expected, that widespread epidemics or pandemic outbreak including the COVID-19 pandemic will have no or minimal impact to Kingfisher's business, that its community and environmental impact procedures will work as anticipated, that general business and economic conditions will not change in a material adverse manner, that Kingfisher will not experience any material accident, labour dispute or failure or shortage of equipment, and that all necessary government approvals for its planned exploration and potential development activities will be obtained in a timely manner and on acceptable terms. There can be no assurance that the forward-looking statements will prove to be accurate and actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from Kingfisher's expectations include, among others, the actual results of current exploration activities being different than those anticipated by Kingfisher, changes in project parameters as plans continue to be refined, changes in estimated mineral resources, future prices of metals, increased costs of labor, equipment or materials, availability of equipment, failure of equipment to operate as anticipated, accidents, effects of weather and other natural phenomena, risks related to community relations and activities of stakeholders, and delays in obtaining governmental approvals or financing. Although Kingfisher has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially, there may be other factors that cause results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. There can be no assurance that such statements will prove to be accurate as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Kingfisher does not intend, and expressly disclaims any intention or obligation to, update or revise any forward-looking information or statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law. Mineralization hosted on adjacent and/or nearby properties is not necessarily indicative of mineralization hosted on the Company's property.

No stock exchange, securities commission or other regulatory authority has approved or disapproved the information contained on this presentation. This presentation is not an offer to purchase securities and does not constitute an offering document under Securities legislation. All information is presented in Canadian dollars unless otherwise stated; as of the date indicated on the front of this presentation. This presentation contains information obtained by the Company from third parties. The Company believes such information to be accurate but has not independently verified such information.

The data disclosed in this presentation relating to compiled drilling and sampling results is historical in nature. Neither the Company nor a qualified person has yet verified this data and therefore investors should not place undue reliance on such data. The Company's future work will include verification of the data.

Au equivalent (Eq.) values were calculated using the following metal prices: Au = \$2600.00/oz, Cu = \$4.00/lb, Ag = \$30.00/oz, Mo = \$30.00/lb, Pb = \$0.95/lb, and Zn = \$1.30/lb. No current or historical metallurgical work has been completed on the mineral deposits within the Project and as such recoveries are assumed to be 100%. The formula used to calculate the equivalent values for the Mary and Williams deposits is Au Eq. g/t = Au g/t + (Cu % * 1.0549) + (Ag g/t * 0.0115) + (Mo % * 7.9121). The formula used to calculate the Au equivalent values for the Hank deposit is Au Eq. g/t = Au g/t + (Cu % * 1.0549) + (Ag g/t * 0.0115) + (Pb % * 0.2505) + (Zn % * 0.3429). Au Eq. is used for illustrative purposes and do not imply that the metals are economically recoverable.

Dustin Perry, P. Geo., the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, is the Qualified Person as defined by NI 43-101, and has prepared and approved the technical data and information in this presentation.



INVESTMENT HIGHLIGHTS

PROJECT

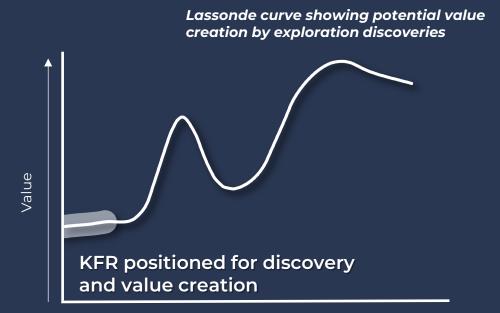
- Commanding 849 km² contiguous land position in the prolific Golden Triangle, British Columbia
- Wealth of historical data across project with clear drill targets for 2025 drill program
- Excellent discovery potential within a Tier 1 jurisdiction

TEAM

- Highly specialized technical team with extensive discovery experience with porphyry and epithermal deposits in the Golden Triangle and throughout BC
- Committed to responsible mineral exploration

SHARE STRUCTURE

- Recent share consolidation (April 2024)
- High levels of institutional ownership
- Low Valuation





CAPITAL STRUCTURE

Basic Shares Outstanding	56,455,144
Market Cap @ 0.22	~\$12.4M CAD
Cash	~\$1.2M CAD
Warrants	14,118,248
Options	5,410,667
FD Shares Outstanding	75,984,059

Institutional Shareholders Include:

Crescat Capital, Plethora Precious Metals Fund, Lowell Resources Funds Management. Accent Capital, Incomet Capital

Corporate Shareholders Include:

Orogen Royalties, EMX Royalty Corp, and Kenorland Minerals



Price	Number	Expiry
\$0.30	2,507,163	May 10, 2026
\$0.30	3,438,599	May 28, 2026
\$0.30	5,767,741	January 16, 2027
\$0.75	2,404,745	August 2, 2025

Options

Price	Number	Expiry
\$0.17	1,850,000	January 17, 2030
\$0.25	1,700,000	June 5, 2029
\$0.50	352,000	September 25, 2025
\$0.60	705,000	August 10, 2028
\$1.25	366,667	March 12, 2026
\$1.50	375,000	June 14, 2027
\$2.75	52,000	May 25, 2026
\$3.25	10,000	October 21, 2026



DISCOVERY FOCUSED TEAM



Dustin Perry, P.Geo.
CEO, President, Director, Founder, QP

Entrepreneurial geologist with 17 years of mineral exploration experience in British Columbia focused on copper-gold porphyry and epithermal gold-silver deposits. Graduate of the University of British Columbia (UBC).



Tyler Caswell, P.Geo. VP Exploration

Exploration geologist with 20 years of global mineral exploration experience for juniors through to producers. Most recently he led porphyry Cu-Au exploration and resource delineation efforts for NorthWest Copper in British Columbia. Graduate of the University of Victoria (UVIC).



Gayle Febbo, MSc., P.Geo. Chief Geologist

Recognized BC porphyry expert with over 20 years of work experience, predominantly in the Golden Triangle including at KSM, Brucejack, and Galore Ck. She completed her master's degree at the UBC MDRU on the KSM project.

Management and Directors

Dustin Perry, P.GeoCEO and President, Director, Founder

Tyler Caswell, P.Geo. VP Exploration

Barry MacNeil, CPA, CGA CFO

Pino Perone, LLB Corporate Secretary, Director

Rick Trotman, MSc. Independent Director

Chris Beltgens, MBA, CFA Independent Director

Paul Gruner, MBA, CPA, ICD.D Independent Director

Advisory Board

Charlie Greig, MSc., P.Geo 2022 Bill Dennis Award, 2020 Spud Heustis

Award (GT Gold)

Jim Miller-Tait, P.Geo VP Exploration Imperial Metals

Greg Liller, BSc. Chairman Sierra Madre Gold and Silver

Francis MacDonald, BSc. CEO Lift Power Corp, Founder of Kenorland

Minerals

Zach Flood, BSc. CEO and Founder of Kenorland Minerals

Stephanie Sykora, PhD PhD Lihir (CODES), Ex Teck/First Quantum

Porphyry Expert



OUR PROJECTS

Kingfisher controls the largest contiguous project in BC's Golden

Triangle after major miners Newmont and Teck

The flagship **HWY 37 Project (Cu-Au-Ag)** hosts an emerging 849 km² porphyry Cu-Au and epithermal Au-Ag district with similar geological characteristics to the Tier 1 Treaty-KSM-Brucejack camp as well as the Galore Creek and Schaft Creek camps.

In southern British Columbia Kingfisher made a grassroots high-grade gold discovery at the 511 km² **Goldrange Project (Au)** from 2021-2022 and the project is fully assessed with no holding costs until 2033.

The 130 km² **Thibert Project (Au)** covers 25 km strike length along a crustal-scale fault responsible for a ~200,000 oz placer district with similar geological characteristics to the nearby Cassiar Project.





GOLDEN TRIANGLE

Major Miners Activity in BC's Premier Mining District

The Golden Triangle has seen a significant increase in major mining company activity since the construction of the NW Transmission line that parallels Highway 37.

Collaborative relationships with First Nation groups, clean hydroelectric power, and mining friendly government have created a highly favourable jurisdiction for the discovery and development of Tier 1 mining projects.

"We think about our presence in the copper corridor of British Columbia as being one that, really, you can see it out to the end of this century.

Amongst other things, it (Red Chris) significantly expanded our copper reserves to 14 million tonnes, which is particularly exciting for our operations and projects in Northwest British Columbia, where copper mining is positioned to become a cornerstone of the province's long-term economic prospects."

Tom Palmer, Newmont CEO (Business in Vancouver; Nov 14, 2024)





GOLDEN TRIANGLE

Large Scale Structures Determine Location of Districts

The common characteristics of giant porphyry-epithermal districts are:

- Major long-lived structures
- Large geochemical/alteration footprints
- Clusters of mineralization

Ancient deep rooted structural patterns inherited from the Paleozoic (north and south) and Mesozoic (northeast) coalesce with large and long-lived mineral districts of all ages.

HWY 37 has similar structural architecture to the other districts within the Golden Triangle.

Golden Triangle Structural Model Presented by VP-Exploration Gayle Febbo at the Society of Economic Geologists Conference (Whistler) in 2021





WHY ARE WE EXPLORING HERE?

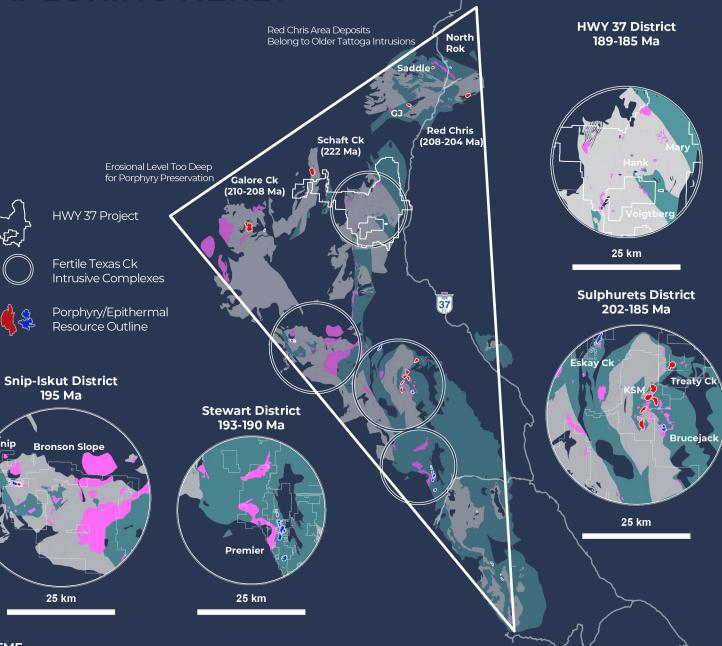
- The HWY 37 area is one of only four mineral districts related to Texas Ck Intrusions
- Texas Ck Intrusions are responsible for KSM, Treaty Creek, Brucejack, Snip, and Premier
- HWY 37 has the lowest exploration maturity and is the only Texas Ck district without a mine
- Galore Ck and Schaft Ck age equivalent intrusions are also present on the 849 km² project

Epithermal
Hazelton Gp
Stuhini Gp

Texas Ck

Porphyry

Head Line

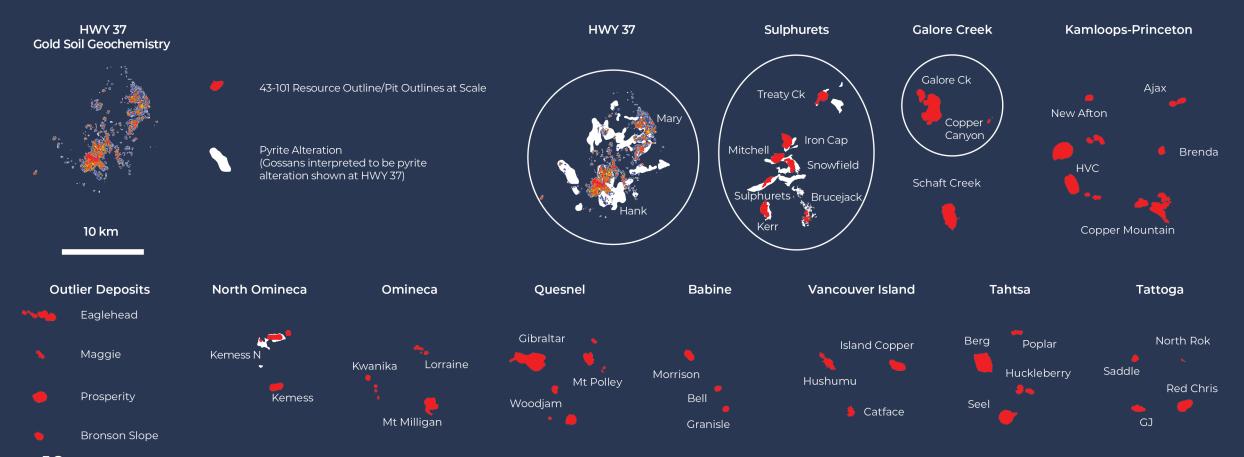




BC PORPHYRY DEPOSITS - SCALE MATTERS

Porphyry Cu-Au deposits occur across much of British Columbia and generally cluster into camps or districts

The HWY 37 Project contains one of the largest porphyry-epithermal district-scale footprints in BC



A RECENT GOLDEN TRIANGLE SUCCESS

Discovery Timeline

- Initial airborne magnetics, electromagnetics, and soil sampling
- Discovery of Saddle South showed potential for porphyry feeder.
- IP surveys showed large chargeability anomaly 1.5 km away
- Drilling = Major Discovery.

Major Milestones

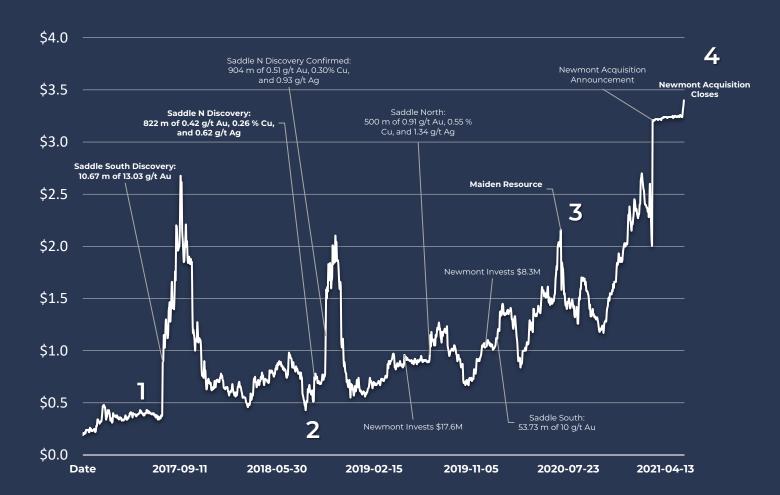
- Discovery of high-grade epithermal deposit: Saddle South
- Discovery of porphyry deposit: Saddle North
- Maiden Resource at Saddle North

 IND Resource: 298 MT at 0.36 g/t Au, 0.28 % Cu, and 0.8 g/t Ag
 (3.47 M oz Au, 1.81 B lb Cu, and 7.58 M oz Ag

INF Resource: 543 MT at 0.31 g/t Au, 0.25 % Cu, and 0.7 g/t Ag (5.46 M oz Au, 2.98 B lb Cu, 11.64 M oz Ag)

4 Newmont Acquires GT Gold for total valuation of C\$456M

GT Gold Share Price Timeline





HWY 37 PROJECT OVERVIEW

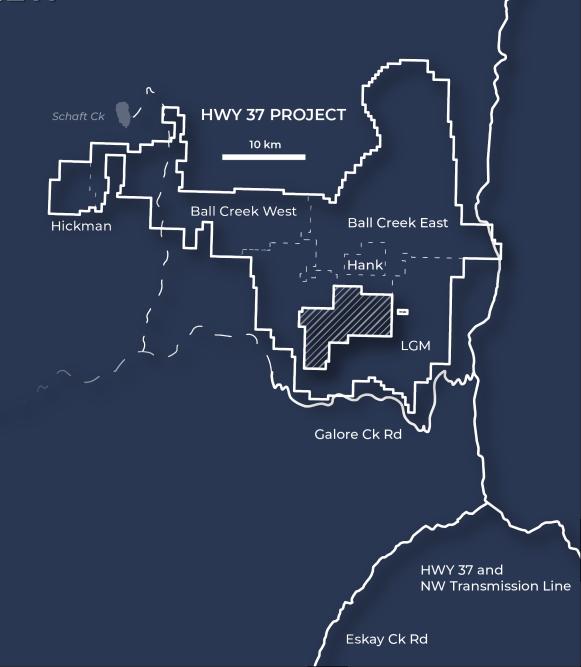
The consolidated HWY 37 Project spans 849 km² throughout the heart of British Columbia's prolific Golden Triangle.

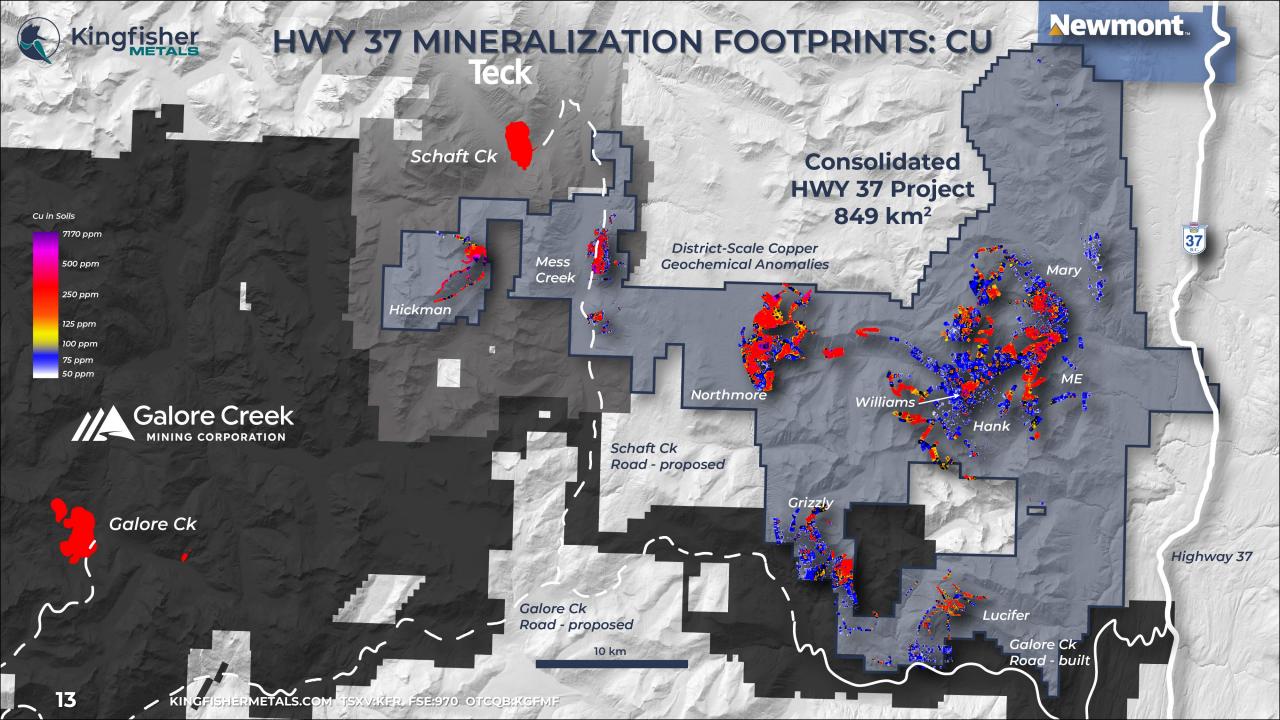
The project is adjacent to Highway 37 and the Northwest Transmission Line with proposed resource access roads nearby.

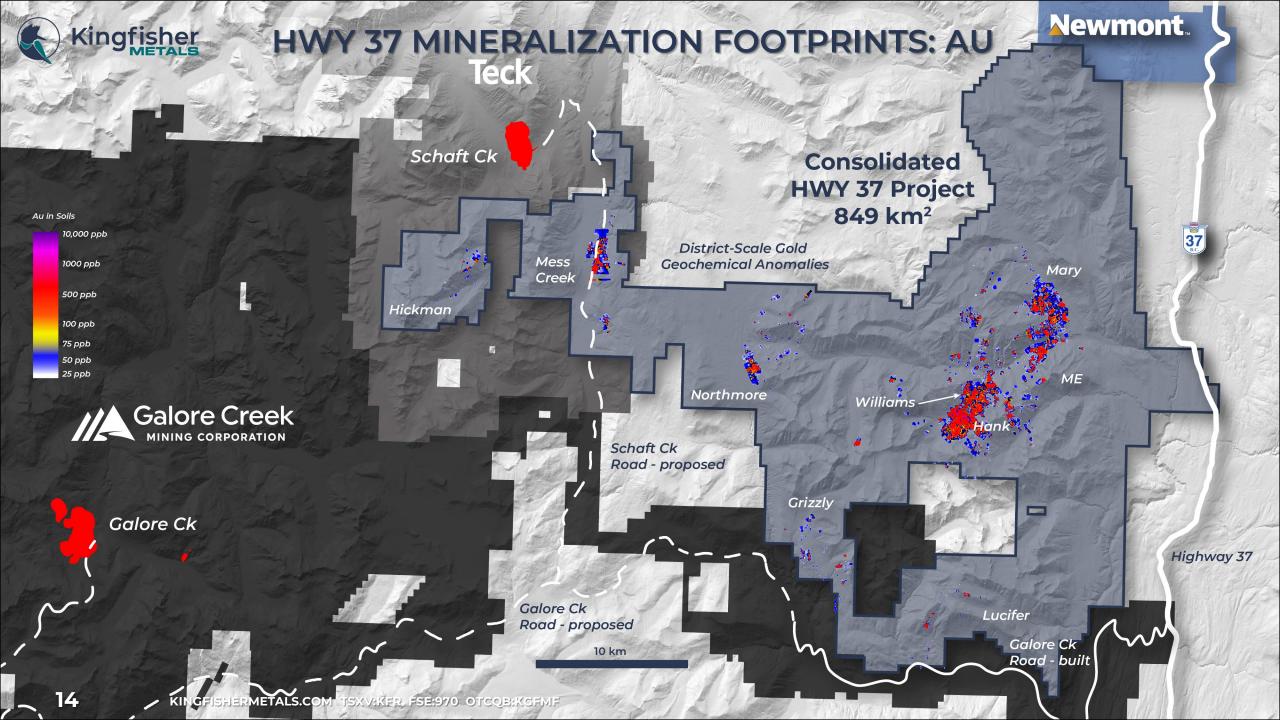
Through option agreements (to 100%) and outright acquisitions, Kingfisher has consolidated the largest contiguous project outside of Teck and Newmont in the Golden Triangle.

Rapid Consolidation in the Golden Triangle

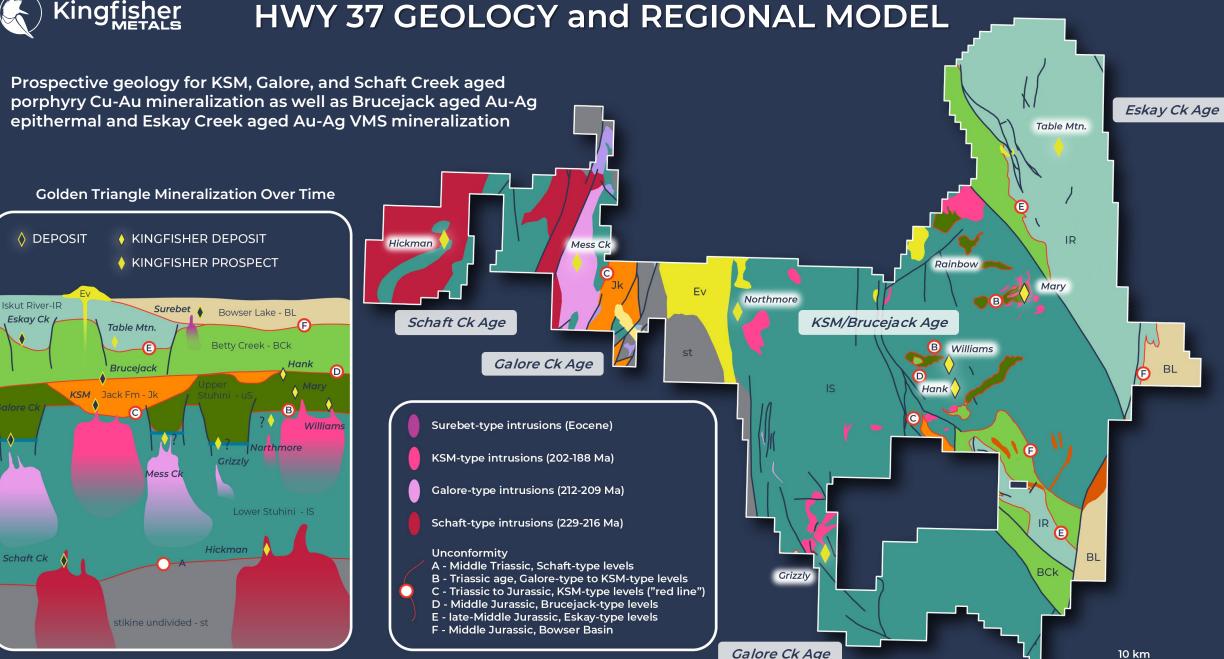










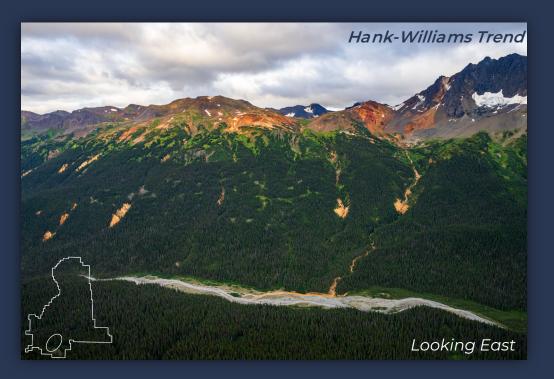




HANK-WILLIAMS TREND: Drill Ready Targets

DISCOVERY OPPORTUNITY:

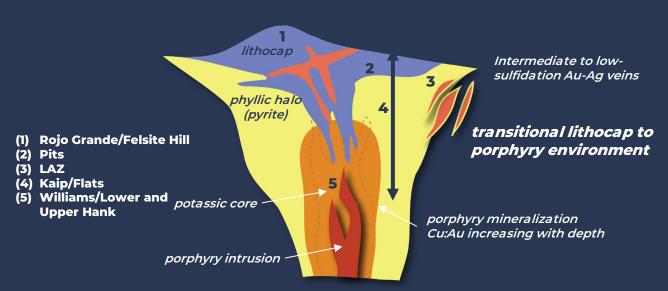
- KSM-Brucejack analogue with intact epithermal to porphyry mineral system
- Discovery potential for additional porphyry deposits generating the Hank Epithermal System
- Application of 3D structural modeling to discovery high-grade feeder zones at Hank



EVIDENCE:

- One of the largest gold soil anomalies and lithocap alteration zones within the Golden Triangle
- Historical and 2024 IP surveys integrated into new inversion resolve 3 porphyry scale chargeability anomalies at similar depths
- Historical drilling returned porphyry grades including 0.33 % Cu and 0.39 g/t Au over 347 m including 0.49 % Cu and 0.57 g/t Au over 190 m

HANK-WILLIAMS TREND PORPHYRY-EPITHERMAL MODEL





HNK-18-001 377 m of 0.31 g/t Au and 0.28 % Cu, incl 85 m of 0.52 g/t Au and 0.43 % Cu Williams Cu-Au

HNK-18-005 403 m of 0.32 g/t Au and 0.28 % Cu, incl 96 m of 0.61 g/t Au and 0.43 % Cu

HNK-18-013 347 m of 0.39 g/t Au and 0.33 % Cu, incl 190 m of 0.57 g/t Au and 0.49 % Cu

HNK-WZ-19-01 379 m of 0.22 g/t Au and 0.28 % Cu, incl 245 m of 0.30 g/t Au and 0.38 % Cu

DDH88-4 9 m of 6.19 g/t Au and 1.9 g/t Ag and 43 m of 3.13 g/t Au and 31.7 g/t Ag

DDH89-4 64 m of 1.97 g/t Au and 15 m of 7.2 g/t Au (only assayed for Au)

HNK-17-001 28.5 m of 2.43 g/t Au and 30.9 g/t Ag, incl 4.1 m of 14.97 g/t Au and 193.8 g/t Ag

HNK-17-002 91 m of 0.53 g/t Au and 23.2 g/t Ag, incl 0.6 m of 54.4 g/t Au and 3240.0 g/t Ag

HNK-17-006 342 m of 0.33 g/t Au and 3.9 g/t Ag

DDH87-8 123 m of 0.34 g/t Au (only assayed for Au)

DDH87-7 110 m of 0.36 g/t Au (only assayed for Au) Deposit Williams Porphyry
Target

Kaip Au Deposi

Pit Au Deposit

Lower Au Hank

Deposit

DDH88-14 110 of 0.43 g/t Au (only assayed for Au)

HNK-17-008 60.3 m of 2.12 g/t Au and 6.9 g/t Ag incl 0.8 m of 133.0 g/t Au and 263 g/t Ag

HNK-17-009 68.2 m of 2.4 g/t Au and 18 g/t Ag incl 24.8 m of 5.6 g/t Au and 45.9 g/t Ag Evidence for a cluster of porphyry Cu-Au deposits

HANK-WILLIAMS TREND

Upper Hank Porphyry Target

at surface

Felsite Hill

Lithocap

H93-4 128 m of 0.17 g/t Au

DDH88-20 86 m of 0.32 g/t Au only assayed for Au)

barren lithocap

alteration

DDH88-11 58 m of 2.0 g/t Au incl 18 m of 4.9 g/t Au (only assayed for Au)

2024 Identified Argillic Alteration Trend

DDH85-09 58m of 1.41 g/t Au (only assayed for Au)

DDH85-13 51 m of 0.98 g/t Au (only assayed for Au)

DDH85-32 42 m of 2.52 g/t Au, incl 11.5 m of 8.19 g/t Au (only assayed for Au)

DDH85-45 63 m of 1.86 g/t Au, incl 31 m of 3.56 g/t Au (only assayed for Au)

DDH88-6 49 m of 2.83 g/t Au, incl 2.0 m of 67.3 g/t Au and 530.4 g/t Ag

HNK-18-010 27.1 m of 8.68 g/t Au and 10.9 g/t Ag, incl 20 m of 11.63 g/t Au and 13.8 g/t Ag

1 km

Au in Soils

>10,000 ppb

500 ppb

100 ppb 75 ppb

75 ppb 50 ppb

25 ppb

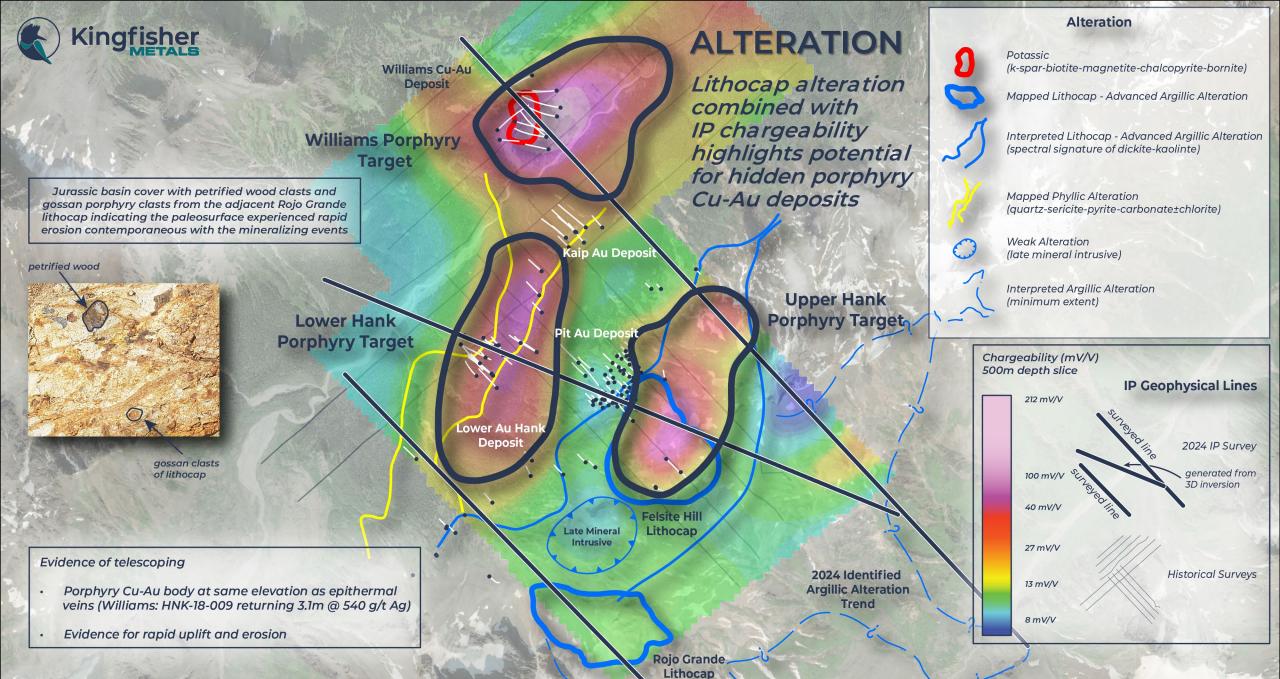
Rojo Grande Lithocap

74 m of 0.43 g/t Au (only assayed for Au)

DDH88-16

Lower Hank

Porphyry Target



1 km

Kingfisher HANK-WILLIAMS PORPHYRY TARGETS DDH88-4 DDH85-32 9 m of 6.19 g/t Au and 1.9 g/t Ag and 42 m of 2.52 g/t Au incl 43 m of 3.13 g/t Au and 31.7 g/t Ag 11.5 m of 8.19 g/t Au (only assayed for Au) DDH85-45 63 m of 1.86 g/t Au incl 31 m of 3.56 g/t Au (only assayed for Au) 342 m of 0.33 g/t Au and 3.9 g/t Ag LAZ HNK-17-009 68.2 m of 2.4 g/t Au and 18 g/t Ag incl 24.8 m of 5.6 g/t Au and 45.9 g/t Ag Williams Kaip H93-4 HNK-18-013 128 m of 0.17 g/t Au 347 m of 0.39 g/t Au and 0.33 % Cu incl 190 m of 0.57 g/t Au and 0.49 % Cu Au Eq. (g/t) >0.5 >0.20 >0.4 0-0.19 >0.3 >0.4 >0.2 HNK-WZ-19-01 379 m of 0.22 g/t Au and 0.28 % Cu incl 245 m of 0.30 g/t Au and 0.38 % Cu limit of survey

Upper Hank Porphyry Target

1500 m by 800 m over 850 m vertical greater than 35 mV/V porphyry target

Lower Hank Porphyry Target

1600 m by 800 m over 850 m vertical greater than 35 mV/V

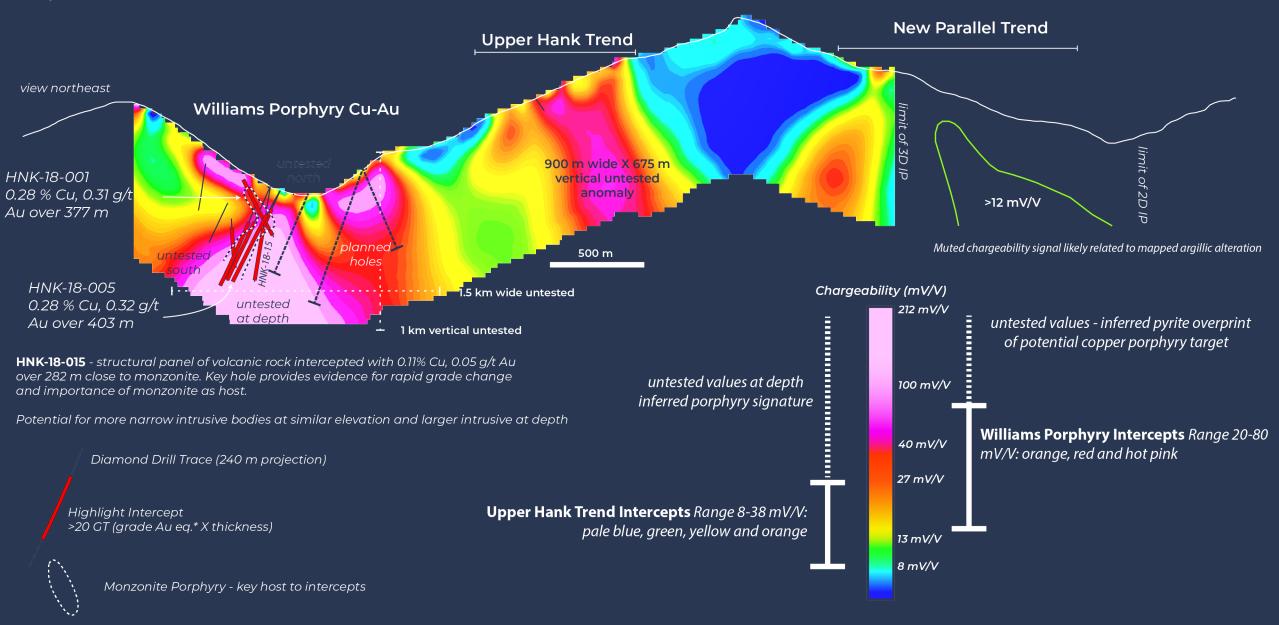
Williams Porphyry Target

2200 m by 1500 m over 1000 m vertical greater than 25 mV/V

limit of survey

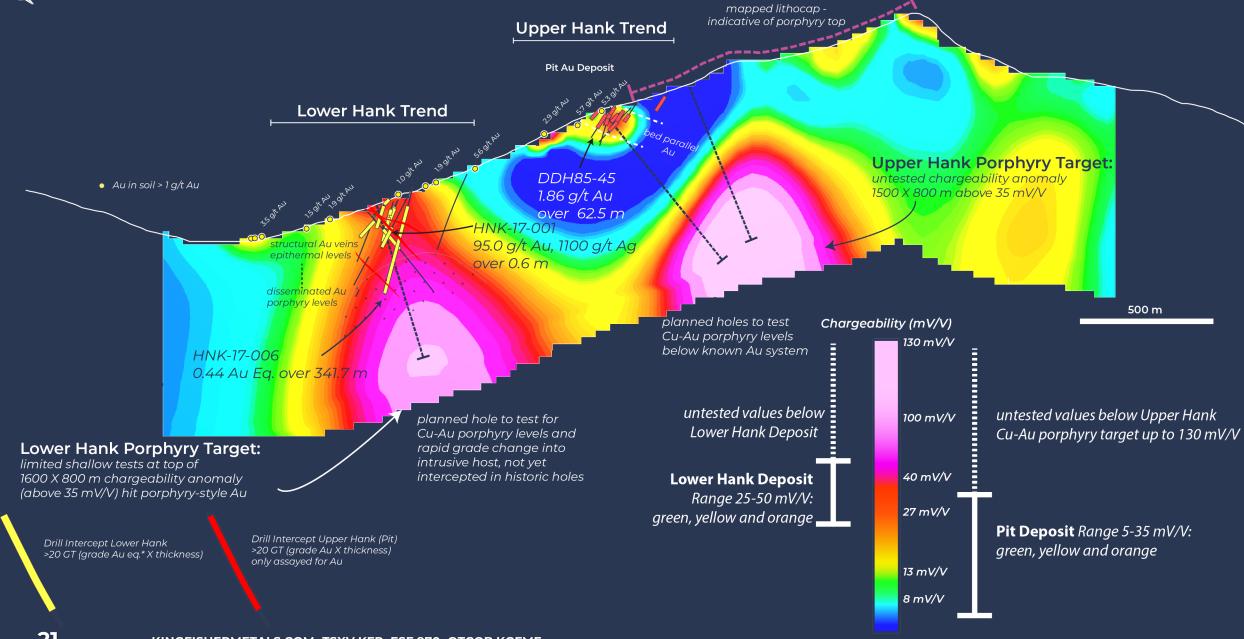


WILLIAMS DISCOVERY: Open for Expansion in Multiple Directions



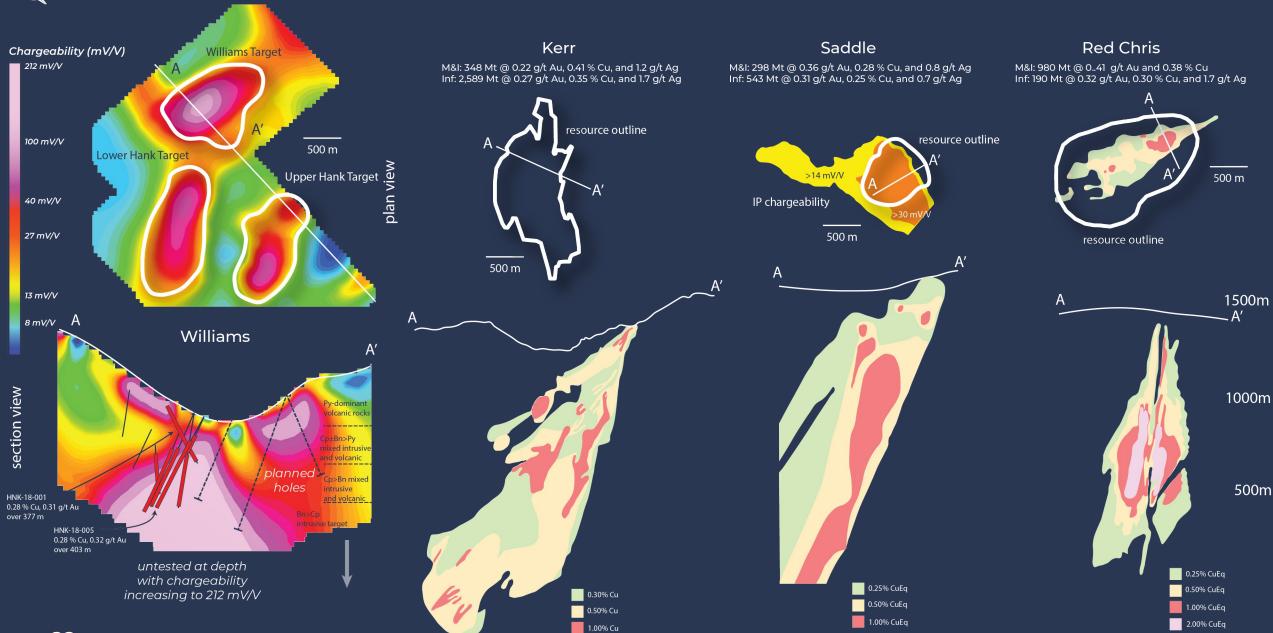


NEW HANK PORPHYRY TARGETS: Additional Williams Deposits?



Kingfisher

WILLIAMS PORPHYRY Cu-Au COMPARISON: Potential at Depth





WILLIAMS PORPHYRY Cu-Au COMPARISON: Potential for Clusters

Williams Williams Cadia Hank-Williams Porphyry Targets - At scale comparison to Cadia Valley Porphyry Cluster Williams 1 km **Bn-Cp** Upper Hank Lower Hank Williams Williams North Parkes Cadia Valley Operation Ridgeway Resource¹: 47.7 M oz Au, 9.0 Mt Cu Reserve¹: 27.5 M oz Au, 4.78 Mt Cu Cp-Mo Cadia Extended Cadia Hill Williams Williams **Red Chris** Cp-Bn Cp = chalcopyrite Cp-Bn Bn = bornite Cadia East Mo = molybdenite



MARY TREND: Drill Ready Targets

DISCOVERY OPPORTUNITY:

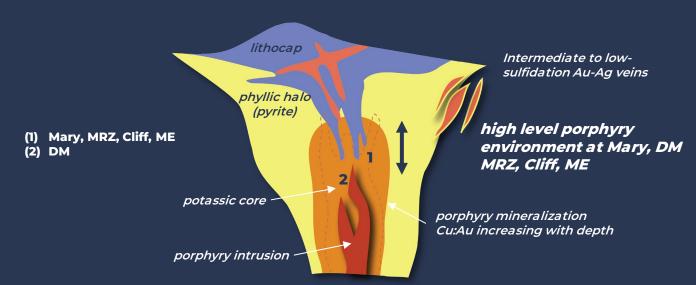
- KSM analogue with similar scale and only ~9 km from Highway 37 and the Northwest Transmission Line
- Deep IP chargeability anomalies only tested with one hole to date with scale of target similar to Mitchell Deposit (KSM)
- Potential for multiple stages of porphyry Cu-Au emplacement and for copper grades to increase at depth given high-level setting



EVIDENCE:

- Multiple porphyry events (DM, Mary, Cliff, MRZ target) across 8 km trend
- Multi km-scale alteration, soil geochemical anomalies, and IP chargeability anomalies
- Deep-rooted magnetic anomalies

MARY TREND PORPHYRY-EPITHERMAL MODEL





IP Geophysical Lines

2024 IP Survey

generated from 3D inversion

Historical Surveys

BC07-12 231 m @ 0.54 g/t Au, 0.21% Cu

BC07-10 431 m @ 0.31 g/t Au, 0.13% Cu

BC12-47 455 m @ 0.28 g/t Au, 0.11% Cu

BC12-54 304 m @ 0.44 g/t Au, 0.15% Cu

BC-MZ-19-01 292 m @ 0.48 g/t Au, 0.14% Cu

M-23-006 429 m @ 0.26 g/t Au

> BC06-01 81 m @ 0.11% Cu

M-23-001 114 m @ 0.11% Cu

unsampled

MARY & CLIFF TARGETS

BC07-01 92 m @ 0.33 g/t Au, 0.19% Cu

BC06-03 223 m @ 0.28 g/t Au, 0.21% Cu



0.42% Cu, 0.97 g/t Au in Creek Stockwork (undrilled)

Evidence of telescoping

High-grade epithermal texture veins superimposed on broad porphyry intercepts:

(Mary: M-23-006 returning 3 m @ 811 g/t Ag and Cliff: M-23-001 returning 3 m @ 27.6 g/t Ag)



1 km



Mary Deposit

DM Target

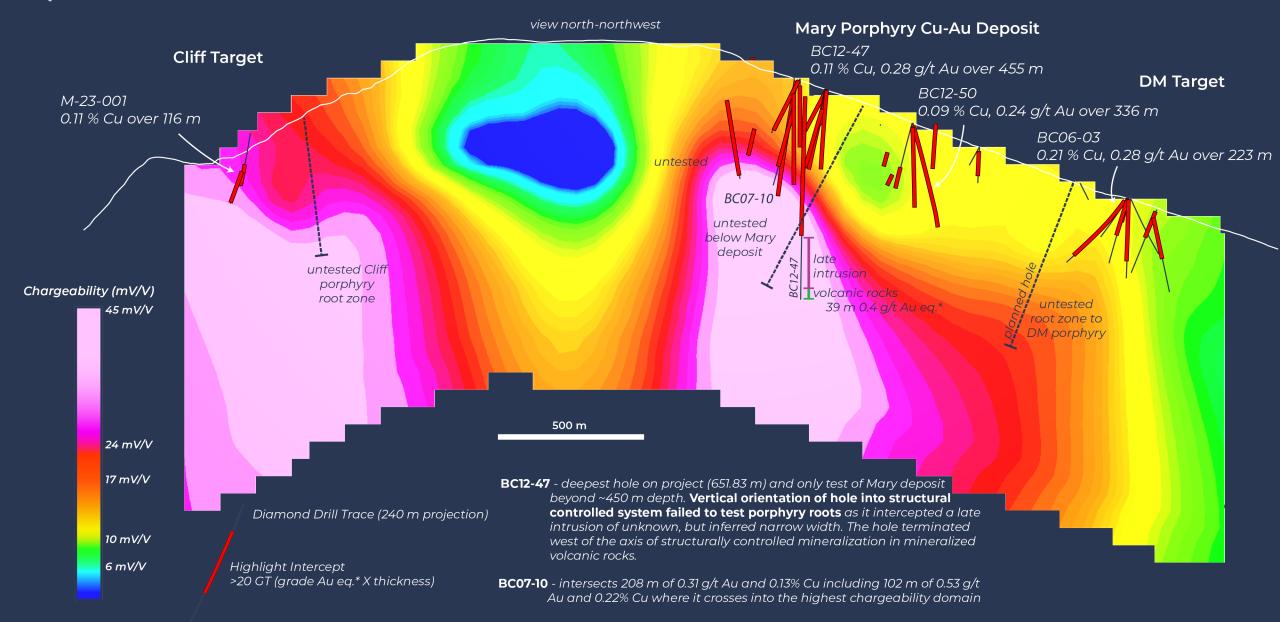
rock chips grading 0.3 g/t Au over 60 m

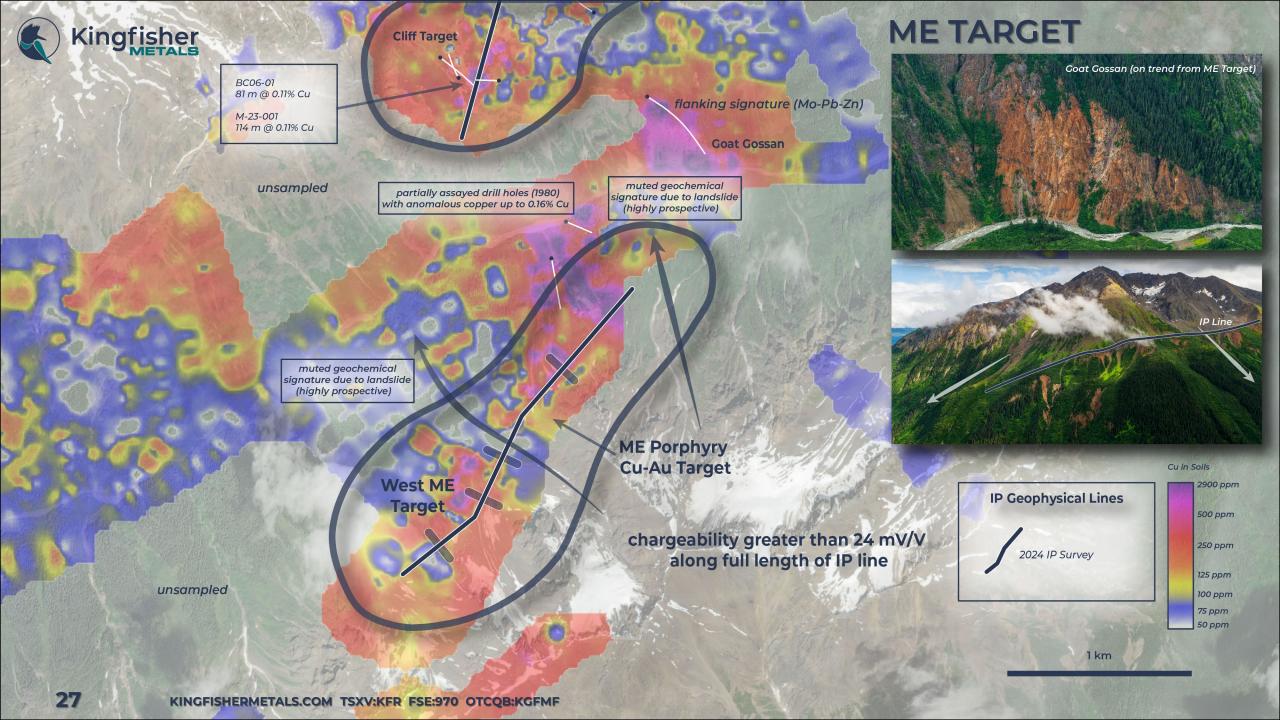
Cliff Target

M-23-002 162 m @ 0.21 g/t Au, 5.5 g/t Ag 0.14% Zn



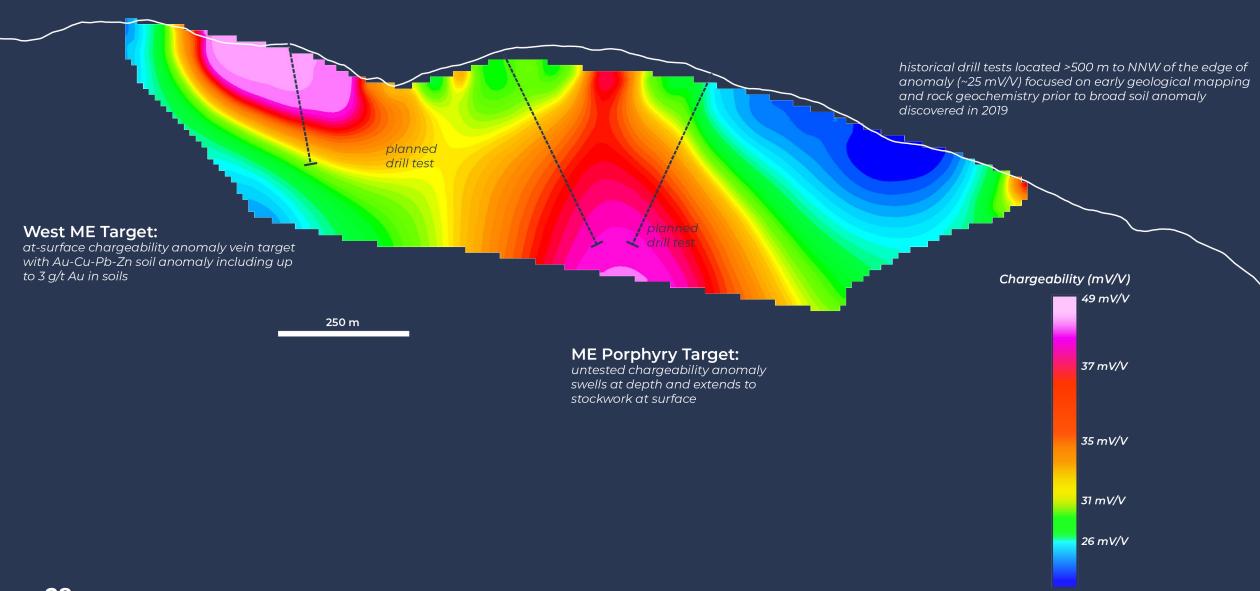
MARY TARGETS: 2024 IP Chargeability Highlights Potential Across Trend







ME TARGET: 2024 IP Chargeability Outlines New Porphyry Cu-Au Targets



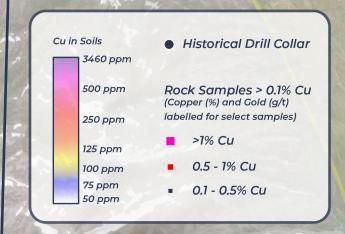
NORTHMORE

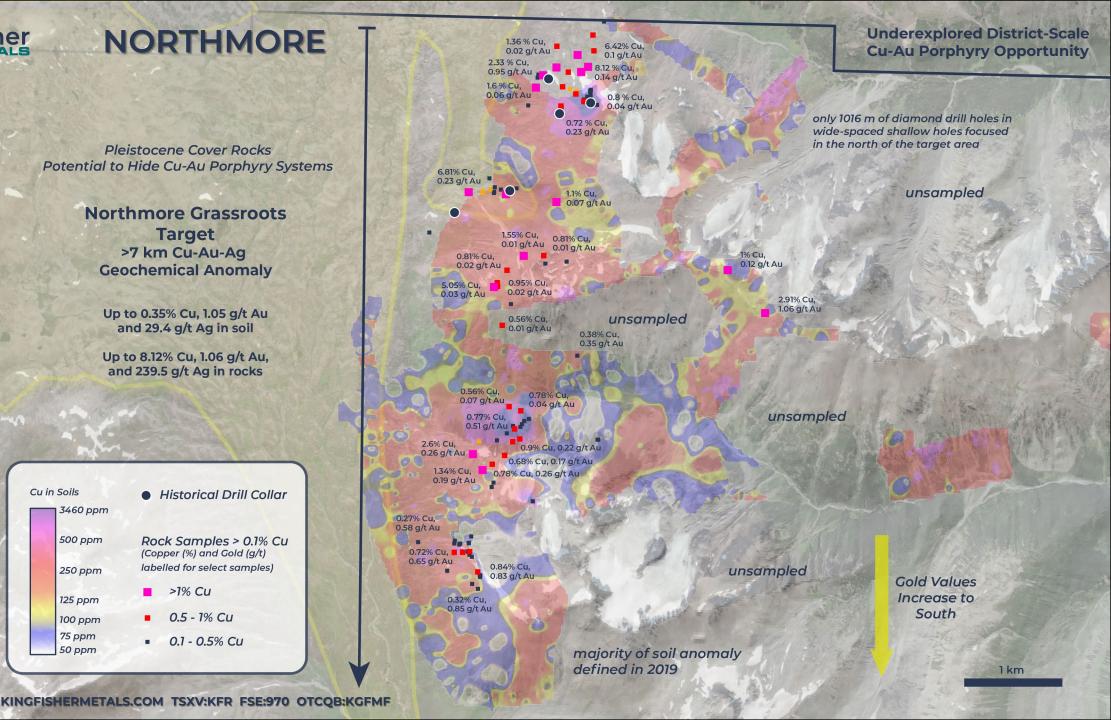
Pleistocene Cover Rocks Potential to Hide Cu-Au Porphyry Systems

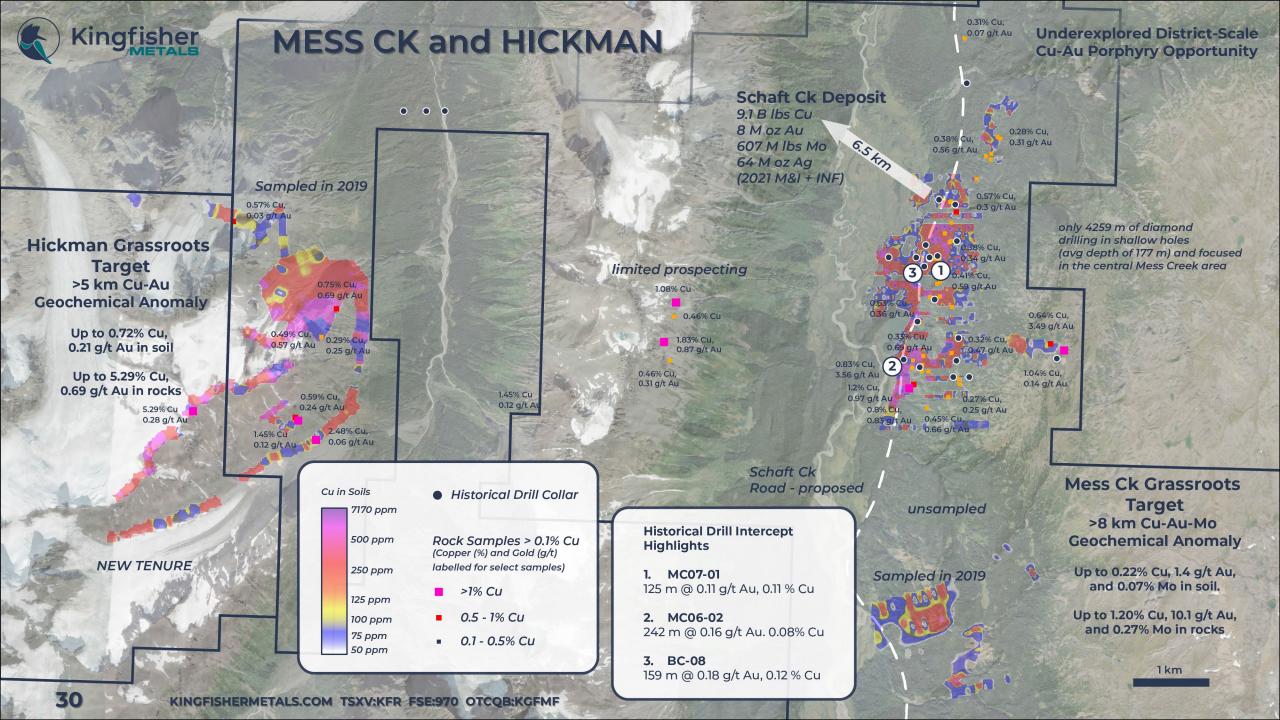
> **Northmore Grassroots Target** >7 km Cu-Au-Ag **Geochemical Anomaly**

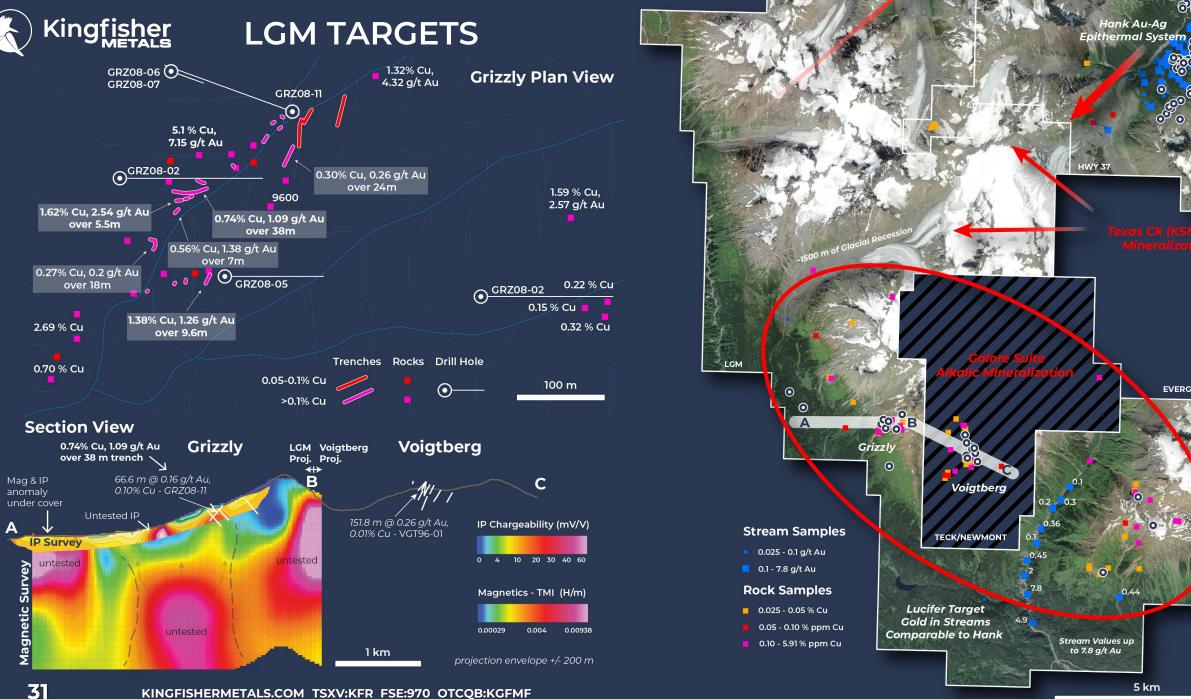
Up to 0.35% Cu, 1.05 g/t Au and 29.4 g/t Ag in soil

Up to 8.12% Cu, 1.06 g/t Au, and 239.5 g/t Ag in rocks









EVERGOLD

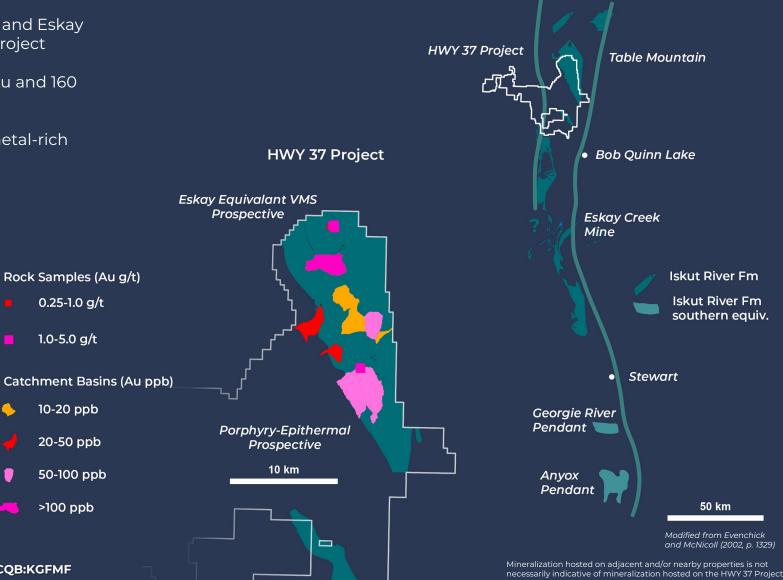
ESKAY CREEK STYLE VMS PROSPECTIVITY

DISCOVERY OPPORTUNITY:

- The BC Geological Survey has traced the Eskay Rift and Eskay Creek equivalent stratigraphy within the HWY 37 Project
- Historical production at Eskay Creek was 3.3 M oz Au and 160 M oz Ag at 45 g/t Au and 2224 g/t Ag
- HWY 37 has the potential to host a new precious metal-rich VMS district similar to Eskay Creek

EVIDENCE:

- Limited historical exploration by Noranda in 1990s on this part of the project despite stream sediment anomalies up to 207 ppb Au
- Limited historical rock sampling has returned encouraging grades up to 4.7 g/t Au, 22.4 g/t Ag, 1.56 % Cu, 1.8 % Pb, and 1.7 % Sb
- Soil sampling coverage is restricted to a small area that is highly anomalous in zinc
- Same host rocks as Eskay Creek: mudstone with many massive sulfide lenses and stringers.



Eskay Rift

